

التوجيه الفني العام للغة الإنجليزية

امتحان تجريبي للصف الثاني عشر- نهاية الفترة الدراسية الأولى 2019 /2020

المجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الإنجليزية) الزمن : ثلاث ساعات

(المفردات – القواعد – الوظائف اللغوية – أسئلة الكتاب المقرر – التعبير الكتابي – الاستيعاب المقروء – التلخيص – الترجمة)

(Total : 560 Marks)

I. Vocabulary (100 Marks)

100

A) From a, b, c and d choose the most suitable word that best completes each of the following sentences:(5 X10 =50 Marks)

1. The police arrived as soon as the robbers had..... the bank.
a. engaged in b. cut down on c. gone along with d. **broken into**
2. Unlike some other species, Man is a social being that does not usually lead a/anlife.
a. **solitary** b. intrinsic c. legal d. foreign
3. The extreme weather conditions this winter..... the whole crop, which has led to famine.
a. composted b. **decimated** c. prosecuted d. injected
4. It's true thatreduces the volume of waste, but the gases are highly toxic.
a. judiciary b. ethnicity c. proportion d. **incineration**
5. Certain areas of the polar regions arefrozen as they are farthest from the equator.
a. compassionately b. **permanently** c. nervously d. commercially

B) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below:(5 X 10=50 Marks)

(enforce – principle – carnivorous – precipitate – partnership – disgruntled)

6. Our organisation works on the **principle** that all workers have the same rights.
7. The devoted fans were **disgruntled** after their football team had lost the match yesterday.
8. Teachers and administrators work hard to **enforce** laws and regulations inside their schools.
9. A financial expert believes the falling sales will **precipitate** the failure of the economy.
10. Crime prevention succeeds if there is a close **partnership** between the police and the public.

الصفحة الثانية

المجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الإنجليزية) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الأولى (تجريبي) 2019 / 2020

II- Grammar (60 Marks)

60

A) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer that best completes each of the following sentences: (4 X 10= 40 Marks)

11. Mrs. Jones bought a book for her sonbuying him another video game.
a. **instead of** b. whereas c. on the other hand d. but
12. The team yesterday's match if the players had trained well.
a. must win b. can win c. will win d. **would have won**
13. My parents will arrive Kuwait tomorrow morning.
a. for b. **in** c. about d. with
14. The housing project had required detailed planning before the owners with it.
a. begin b. had begun c. **began** d. have begun

B) Do as shown between brackets:(4x5=20 Marks)

15. You should plant the seeds in rich soil. They grow well. (Join with: so that)
You should plant the seeds in rich soil so that they can grow well.
16. Scientists prove various theories through constant tests and experiments. (Change into passive)
Various theories are proven/ proved through constant tests and experiments (by scientists).
17. My brother (study) law at the university for five years. (Correct the verb)
My brother **has been studying\ has studied** law at the university for five years.
18. I can't give up eating junk food. (Complete)
I wish **I could give up/ gave up eating junk food.**

الصفحة الثالثة

المجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الإنجليزية) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الأولى (تجريبي) 2019 / 2020

III-Language Functions (40 Marks)

Write what you would say in the following situations: (4X 10 = 40 Marks)

40

19. Your brother wants to know why you decided to join Kuwait Red Crescent Society.
Giving reasons

20. Your sister says that learning a foreign language is useless.
Disagreeing / Disapproving

21. A friend of yours is overweight. Do persuade him/her to join a gym.
Persuading

22. Your cousin asked you about your plans for the spring holiday this year.
Expressing Intention / Planning

IV- Set Book (40 Marks)

40

Answer ONLY FOUR of the following questions: (4x10= 40 Marks)

23. Why should criminals be sent to jail?
**To protect the society. /It is a lesson for other criminals not to dare to break the law./
To punish them. / To deter others. / To rehabilitate them.**
24. People migrate for different purposes. Explain.
To find better-paid jobs. To escape conflicts, wars, famine, natural disasters, etc.
25. Which human value is the most important to you? Justify your choice.
Student's own answer.
26. In what way is recycling useful to all living creatures on the planet?
**Recycling saves valuable natural resources (water, forests, etc.). It reduces pollution.
It reduces the need to destroy animal and plant natural habitats. Resources last longer.**
27. In your opinion, what should a successful diplomat be like?
**He/ She should have good communication skills. He/ She must be self-confident,
friendly and willing to work hard. It is preferable to be a university graduate. He/she
should be able to deal with the media.**

V- Writing (120 Marks)

120

Write on the following topic: (Argumentative)

“Screen-Free Week” is an annual event that takes place in April. Each year, people from around the world make a decision to “turn off screens” of all kinds for the week and “turn on life”. They don’t use computers, watch television, play video games or do anything else that requires looking at a screen. However, some other people are against taking part in such an event.

In not less than 14 sentences (160 words), plan and write an **essay** presenting arguments for and against participating in the “Screen-Free Week” and stating your own position on the issue.

NB: (Your writing should include an introduction, two-body paragraphs and a conclusion)

Outline

20

Introduction:**Body:****Paragraph (1)****Paragraph (2)****Conclusion:**

VI- Reading Comprehension (110 Marks)

110

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow:

The struggle of certain underdeveloped countries like Bangladesh, India as well as many in Africa is something that we are all aware of. Children there have barely enough food to eat, let alone the fancy clothes, toys and other things that children of more developed countries are lucky enough to have. Instead of going to school to gain a good education, children in underdeveloped countries set out to work from as young as four or five years old.

These underprivileged children are forced to take up illegal jobs which often have hazardous and unsuitable working conditions. Since it is illegal for young children to work, the corporations or factories that hire **them** hide them away from the main working areas. Thus, they are trapped for long stretches of time in dark and dirty rooms. This was found to be associated with a number of adverse health outcomes. In India, for example, there are children who work in factories which manufacture matches. The working hours in these factories are long and the work is tedious, but what is most significant is that such factories are potential fire hazards. Not only do these children risk their lives by working there, but they are also **exploited** as they are treated unfairly and are paid minimal wages.

In some countries, garment manufacturers use children to make clothes. Factory owners reduce production costs by employing children rather than adults, who are in turn paid a lot less and forced to work a lot more. Also, there is no risk of these young employees coming up against the factory owners because they are unaware of their rights. As a result, in 1990, the United Nations (UN) encouraged countries to prohibit the import of products made by children under the age of 15. This threat led to great panic in the Bangladesh garment industries which immediately dismissed young workers. However, dismissing children from work in poor countries does not necessarily mean that they will be safer. In fact, they may join criminal activities, beg on the streets or steal for a living.

The problem of child labour is one which is difficult to resolve, but it can be done by a sincere government willing to help the poor by providing education to all children and by reducing poverty.

الصفحة السابعة

المجال الدراسي: اللغة الأجنبية الأولى (الإنجليزية) امتحان الصف الثاني عشر - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الأولى (تجريبي) 2020 / 2019

A) From a, b, c and d, choose the correct answer: (5x10=50 Marks)

28. Which of the following can be the most suitable title for the passage?
- Ways to Earn Money
 - Underdeveloped Countries
 - Illegal Child Employment**
 - The Problem of Low Wages
29. The underlined word 'exploited' in the 2nd paragraph is **closest** in meaning to:
- displaced
 - disconnected
 - mistreated**
 - misunderstood
30. The underlined word 'them' in the 2nd paragraph refers to:
- factories
 - children**
 - conditions
 - corporations
31. Why do corporations which hire young children hide them away from main working areas?
- To obey the law and follow regulations
 - Because the conditions are safe and suitable
 - To protect them from adverse health outcomes
 - Because it is against the law to hire young children**
32. According to the 1st paragraph, which of the following is **NOT** a problem for children in underdeveloped countries?
- Lack of jobs**
 - Shortage of food
 - Poor education
 - Working at a young age

B) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (4X15=60 Marks)

33. For what reason do garment manufacturers hire children instead of adults?

To reduce production costs. / Because children are paid a lot less and forced to work a lot more. / There is no risk of these children coming up against the factory owners because they are unaware of their rights.

34. Why did the (UN) encourage countries to prohibit the import of products made by children?

To stop garment factory owners from hiring children. / To stop child labour.

35. What are the negative effects of dismissing children from work in poor countries?

They may join criminal activities, beg on the streets or steal for a living.

36. How can a government solve the problem of child labour?

By providing education to all children and by reducing poverty.

Any reasonable answer related to the passage is accepted

60

VII- Summary Making (60 Marks)

Read the following passage, then do as required:

The pineapple fruit varies in size and colour. It is found in most of the tropical countries. A pineapple is neither a pine nor an apple, but a fruit consisting of many berries that have grown together. In Taiwan and the Philippines, the peels removed during the canning process are pressed to make vinegar for cooking purposes. The shells, shredded and dried, make nutritious cattle food. The tough, sword-like leaves produce a fiber that is woven into a delicate, semi-transparent cloth in the Philippines. Mixed with straw and bamboo, the leaf fibers are also used to make paper for Chinese painting. A cup of pineapple has 70-85 calories. To make your pineapple softer and juicier, keep it at room temperature for 1-2 days before cutting.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarise and paraphrase the previous passage in an answer to the following question: (4X15=60 Marks)

What are the uses of the pineapple fruit?

Its peels are pressed to make vinegar. Its shells are made into nutritious cattle food. Its leaf fibers are woven into cloth. Its leaf fibers are mixed with straw and bamboo to make paper.

Rubrics	Content / relevance of ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Paragraph format	Total
	30	20	5	5	60

- Copying the whole paragraph receives ZERO.
- Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 for two sentences and above)

VIII- Translation (30 Marks)

30

Translate the following into good English: (2X15=30 Marks)

علي: للقوانين أهمية كبيرة في حياة الناس والمجتمعات.

خالد: معك حق فهي تسن لحماية الحقوق الفردية ولضمان مجتمع آمن وعادل.

Ali: Laws are of great importance in the lives of people and communities.

Khalid: You're right. They are made to protect the individual rights and to ensure a safe and just society.

Any reasonable translation is accepted.

انتهت الأسئلة
مع تمنياتنا لكم بالنجاح